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\$1.75 Solid Gold Scarfpin. **\$1.00**

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When the children have sore throat, don't blister their necks with lamp oil. Don't torture them with a foul smelling piece of fat meat, wrapped about the neck. Don't imagine there is medical virtue in an old sock or piece of red flannel. Don't believe in antiquated superstitions. A sore throat is a serious matter and is not to be healed by such make-believe remedies. The use of such methods is simply putting the patient to needless torture. The use of a little sore throat wisdom and give them TONSILINE and the throat will heal quickly. 25c and 50c. Hospital Size, \$1.00.

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We are perfectly willing to charge your purchases on an open account, with future payments divided as you may ask. No notes are required and no interest is charged.

Peter Grogan & Sons Co.
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From us you will get a perfect fitting garment that is guaranteed absolutely waterproof. Order at once and be ready for the rain and snow when it arrives.

MADE TO ORDER, GUARANTEED WATERPROOF.
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We can repair your old Rubber Coat to almost equal a new one at a moderate price. We are the only firm in town that repairs Rubber Coats and Raincoats. Work called for and delivered.

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SEGREGATION OF RACES ASA AGREED BY CITIZENS

Northeast Washington Association Tables Resolution Indorsing Scheme.

Deplores Number of Automobile Accidents—Indorses More Swimming Pools.

Race segregation in government departments, on street cars and in residential districts, as advocated by the National Democratic Fair Play Association, does not appeal to the Northeast Washington Citizens Association, according to opinions reflected at a meeting of that organization last night in Northeast Washington. Not only did the association refuse an indorsement of the segregation plan, but Rosecoe Jenkins declared the aim of the National Democratic Fair Play Association was not mere segregation, but an effort to place the colored man where he was sixty years ago.

Julian Pierce, an employee of the government printing office, was first to attack the segregation plan. He stated that the National Democratic Fair Play Association, of which he is a member, recognizes ability irrespective of race, and it matters not whether a man is a full-blood, half-blood or something else. If he passes the test and gets employment he is treated the same as others.

"If I have to work in the same room with my colored brother I do not feel that my Americanism is tainted or my self-respect injured. I belong to the union that recognizes them in every respect, and I desire to record my protest against the segregation plan."

No Antagonism Here.
Dr. Starr Parsons said he did not believe in bitterness between the races, declaring there is no antagonism between them in this city.

"The more race feeling is stirred," he said, "the worse it gets. Every man who behaves himself should be respected. We have reached a crisis in this country there is too much class feeling. The colored man bears the colored people no ill-will, W. S. Branson spoke in favor of the segregation plan.

"It is characteristic of the negro to force himself upon white people," he declared, "and this is the reason why they will be all right, but they do not."

Thomas Willard told the association that he was a colored man in his class at Harvard and said one of them today is one of the most brilliant men in this country.

"I was born in the south," he said, "and have seen something of the negro. I also have seen something of the National Democratic Fair Play Association. It is not only advocating race segregation, but is aiming to bring about the Constitution of the United States and, presumably, the fifteenth amendment also. The result would be to disannul the negro."

Work and Eat Together.
C. B. Matthews said that segregation does not mean discrimination. He told of how the colored and white employees of the bureau of engraving and printing work together and in some instances eat at the same lunch counter, and spoke of conditions on the Columbia street car line.

"I believe in segregation," he said, "but not in discrimination. The results were tabulated after several other short speeches were made."

J. Clinton Hiett, secretary of the Street Safety Association, said he was in attendance with a request that a member of his association be permitted to address the next meeting and tell of what is being accomplished. His request was granted. Dr. L. D. Walter and James M. Wood told of the good work that is being accomplished by the Street Safety Association.

"It is one of the best organizations in the city," said Mr. Wood, "and was organized as a result of a crusade by The Evening Star against street accidents. Every member of the association should join it."

Would Punish Chauffeurs.
W. J. Lang deplored the number of automobile accidents that have occurred in this city this year. He said he thought adequate punishment of chauffeurs would bring about a better state of affairs.

"Let the police bicycles be consigned to the junk heap," he said, "and give the police motor cycles. They have them enforce the speed regulations against all automobiles and thus prevent a number of accidents will decrease."

The association discussed the bill that is intended to give wider use of the public school buildings, and a motion to indorse the measure was referred to the committee on schools.

Dr. Percival Hall presented a resolution favoring the construction of swimming pools and recreation centers in different parts of the city. The association will vote on the project a hearty indorsement.

Rosecoe Jenkins submitted a report from the committee on public utilities, dealing with the question of government ownership of public utilities, and a report indorsing a bill providing decreased street car fares for straphangers was adopted.

WHITE HOUSE MINT BED
A THING OF THE PAST
Planted by Andrew Jackson and Survived Until the Present Administration.

The historic mint bed of the White House is no more. Andrew Jackson is said to have planted it, and no President since that time has touched it except to pull the richly flavored twigs and leaves from the branches of the plants. During all the changes in the White House buildings and grounds it has survived.

But today the place where it stood is covered with fresh earth and there is not a twig or a sprig or apparently a root of it in existence.

The mystery of its disappearance is to be recorded among the other great mysteries of recent times. Who gave the order to obliterate it? Who did obliterate it? Nobody seems to know.

The public became aware of the existence of the mint bed a few months ago when a newspaper reporter got scent of it—not the usual scent so familiar to Kentuckians and others who know how to bring its splendid flavor into prominence—but the new scent, it was advertised so thoroughly afterward as to attract wide attention.

Some say that workmen who were spending the ground near the bed thought it was a new mint bed and so ruined it. Others hint that the workmen knew what they were doing on orders from some direction.

The bed was within a few feet of the cabinet and out far from the President's office.

Seeks Data on Imported Meat.
Protests from western cattle producing interests that fresh meat imported from Argentina and other countries is not being properly marked to distinguish it from American meat resulted in the passage of a resolution in the Senate yesterday afternoon calling on the Department of Agriculture for information. The resolution, introduced by Senator Cummins, asks what distinctive marks, if any, are being used by meat inspectors or customs agents.

CARRANZA DEFENDS JUAREZ EXECUTIONS

(Continued from First Page.)

of federal troops, Gen. Francisco Villa, the rebel leader, yesterday formally occupied Chihuahua, the state evacuated by Gen. Mercado eight days ago.

Gen. Villa's entry into the city was attended by a military and a religious ceremony. The citizens, who had been under numerous sieges and had long been isolated without fresh food supplies, welcomed the arrival of the new commander as promising an early reopening of the railroad and telegraph lines. The feeling prevailed that Villa was now in a position to restore to peace the northern section of Mexico.

While he will be engaged in guarding his communication with Juarez against the federal army, Carranza said he would lose no time in preparing for his proposed campaign southward.

**WILL ALLOW REFUGEES
TO CROSS THE BORDER**
Huerta's Fleeing Troops and Civilians Straggling Into Ojinaga.

Fugitive Federal Generals From Chihuahua to Fortify Village—Story of Long Flight.

PRESIDIO, Texas, December 9.—As far as the eye could reach there stretched out today over the desert south of Ojinaga, Mexico, opposite Presidio, the fleeing and straggling remnants of the federal army and the civilians who fled from Chihuahua to safety on the United States border. It was expected the refugees would continue to arrive in Ojinaga all day. A few who reached the American side said the exodus included more than 4,000 persons.

The federal troops, including the most important generals in the north, continued fortifying the village. This taken with the fact that Gen. Saez Salazar, immediately on his arrival, communicated with Mexico City, indicated that the federalists intended to make a defense on the border, at least until they could receive orders from the Huerta government.

Food supplies, of which the federalists have been in great need, will be sent across the river, but the United States troops have been instructed to guard closely against any infraction of the neutrality laws.

The civilians who endured the hardships of the eight-day march mostly on foot, rather than face the invasion of Chihuahua city by the rebels, are to be allowed to cross.

The story brought by the refugees was that they left Chihuahua on three trains, hoping to cover the distance to Falmir, the end of the uncompleted railroad, about a third of the way across the desert, but that a short distance out of the city the first train was wrecked. All then had to renew the journey on foot, the federalists first dynamiting the engines and the second train was wrecked to prevent their falling into the hands of the rebels.

Eight Days Over 185-Mile Trail.
In the remarkable feat which struggled for eight days over a 185-mile trail through the desert, and endured great hardships for want of food and water, were Gen. Salvador Mercado, Huerta's deposed military governor and commander of the federal troops in the north; Gen. Pascual Orozco, Gen. Antonio Rojas, Gen. Marcelino Caraveo, Gen. Ynez Salazar and a host of subordinate officers. They had deserted their post in fear of Gen. Francisco Villa's rebel army.

Along with the army, burdened with the property they could carry, men, women and children, representing some of the richest families in the republic, their flight with the army was in the face of reports that they might expect no mercy should they fall into the hands of the rebels. The federalists, however, have been reported to own half of the state of Chihuahua, was said to have brought with him a vast fortune in cash.

Treasures Scattered Along Route.
Many who had started out in vehicles later marched on foot; scores who attempted to carry their treasures had to abandon them through sheer weariness, so their tracks were literally strewn with discarded impediments, clothing, bric-a-brac and valued trinkets. Behind them lay the blackened ashes of camp fires, marking at eight stages on the trip the eight nights where they had camped. Sometimes in the cold winter blizzards of the high plateau, the traveling in the daytime was sometimes through sandstorms, it was impossible to estimate the number of refugees, but observers say they would total several thousand.

Just before the approach of the federalists, the army of Carranza was announced by twenty exhausted soldiers early in the day, the few rebels at Ojinaga left their garriens and retreated to the field.

U. S. Troops on Guard.
United States troops were on the border to take action in cases of any infringement of the neutrality laws. It was known that the authorities had telegraphed to El Paso for a captain for the arrest of Gen. Orozco, who was under indictment in this country. Gen. Salazar is also under indictment in the United States.

All the available automobiles were taken to the border town of Marfa, Texas, about fifty miles by wagon road from Presidio, for carrying the civilian refugees to the nearest railroad station at the behest of friends of the Terrazas and other families, and civilian refugees began to cross to the American side last night at the earliest opportunity.

Ammunition Exhausted.
Before he left Chihuahua Gen. Mercado had been cut off from communications for many weeks. The fact that he could receive no funds with which to pay his troops was one of the reasons given by him for evacuating the capital.

Several fights around Chihuahua also had exhausted his ammunition. His retreat to the border, where he might consider the question of obtaining both funds and ammunition in addition to reporting to Mexico City regarding the conditions of his army, resulted as a consequence.

A report from rebel sources was that Gen. Carranza had been induced to carry the civilians to the border for a consideration, and that in addition they would attempt to fight their way to a federal stronghold in the state of New Mexico.

On information that federal troops might attempt to cross to the American side, the cavalry at Marfa and nearby border points came to Presidio, but none of the federalists came over.

Cabrera May Be Foreign Minister in the Cabinet of the Rebel President
Luis Cabrera, former leader of the liberal party of Mexico, who has been in Washington for some time, left last night for Hermosillo, the headquarters

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